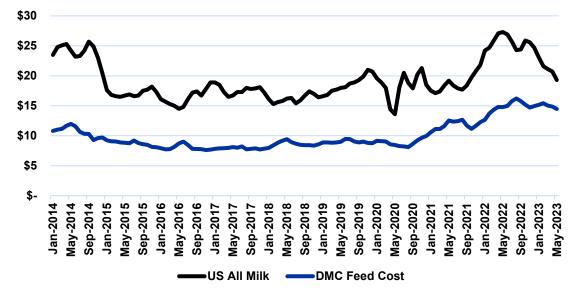


## Dairy Margin Coverage Provides Some Help in Challenging Milk Market

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Dairy producers continue to struggle with decreasing farm-level milk prices and high feed costs. For the first five months of 2023, the US All Milk price averaged \$21.16 per cwt, which was more than \$4 per cwt lower than the first five months of 2022. In fact, US All Milk dropped below \$20 per cwt in May for the first time since October 2021. Lower milk prices are never a welcome change, but they are especially problematic in the current feed price environment. While farm-level milk prices were considerably lower for the January-May time period this year, feed prices were actually higher. Using the Dairy Margin Coverage (DMC) feed ration as a proxy for feed cost to produce a cwt of milk, feed costs were almost \$1 per cwt higher during the first five months of this year. Needless to say, this combination puts a serious squeeze on dairy producers. The figure below shows both US All Milk Price and Dairy Margin Coverage (DMC) feed costs since January of 2014 and the recent convergence of the two lines is very obvious. (Note: Dairy-DMC did not exist for this entire time period, but the chart was intended to give historical perspective).

Figure 1: U.S. All Milk Price and DMC Feed Cost January 2014 to May 2023, \$ per cwt



Source: USDA-NASS, USDA-FSA

While I would prefer market conditions be different, times like this are good opportunities to discuss risk management strategies. Dairy producers should consider all risk management opportunities available to them including Dairy Revenue Protection, Livestock Gross Margin (LGM) for Dairy, forward contracts, futures and options, etc. But the Dairy Margin Protection (DMC) program is a relatively inexpensive way to get some margin protection, especially on an operation's first 5 million lbs of milk production history. Because it is readily available and inexpensive, I suggest to producers that DMC should be their first layer of risk protection. In fact, producers that enrolled in the DMC program at the highest level (\$9.50 per cwt) have received a payment in each of the first five months of 2023.

The chart below tracks DMC margin back to January of 2014 and one can easily see the last several months. The last point on that chart is May of 2023 for which the DMC actual margin was \$4.83. While it can't be seen in the chart, one would have to go back to 2012 to find a lower DMC margin than that, had the program existed back then. In terms of the payment level for May 2023, participating producers received a payment of \$4.67 for that month's share (1/12) of the production history they chose to cover. While a dairy producer would be better off if prices were such that a DCM payment was not triggered, a payment of this magnitude absolutely makes a difference.

Many risk management tools today are market-based. By that, I mean that available coverage levels and costs evolve with market conditions. Examples of this would include Livestock Risk Protection and Livestock Gross Margin Insurance, as well as crop insurance for which reference prices are determined by February futures. But DMC really is a countercyclical tool. The margin levels that can be purchased are available regardless of market conditions. In fact, producers may enroll in DMC at times when the likelihood of payouts is extremely high. Every operation should consider all available tools when putting together their risk management plan, but it's hard to imagine that DMC-Dairy would not be one of the tools in their risk management toolbox.

Figure 2: DMC Margin - U.S. All Milk Price Minus DMC Feed Cost January 2014 to May 2023, \$ per cwt



Source: USDA-NASS, USDA-FSA, author calculations

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